The Oresteia of Aeschylus

Agamemnon

Translated in verse by Robin Bond (2014) University of Canterbury, Christchurch, New Zealand

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Agamemnon

Dramatis Personae

Guard

Chorus of Elders

Cly temnestra

Herald

Agamemnon

Cassandra

Aegisthus

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Guard

I pray to the gods for release from this drudgery, this watch-keeping, measured in years, sprawled here elbows bent, doglike, on top of Agamemnon's house. I contemplate the congregation of the stars at night, as they bring both winter cold and summer heat to men, bright masters, constellations splendid in the sky, as in their turns they wane and rise to dominance. And now I watch for the beacon's flame, the fire's gleam, bringing word from Troy, a message of the city captured; for a woman's sanguine heart 10 will have it so, her counsel more a man's. And when I keep this restless bed of mine, all wet with dew, unblessed with watchful dreams, - for fear stands guard in place of sleep and keeps my lids from meeting in security - why then I make up my mind to sing, or hum a tune, and hope to manufacture so an antidote to my insomnia, lamenting in tears the fate of this house, administered now far less well than before. I would good fortune now might bring release from toil 20 with the flare of the beacon fire alight in the night. O welcome, light in the darkness of night, vanguard of dawn and bright source of much dancing in Argos, in joy at this turn of events... Awake, awake! My call will penetrate to Agamemnon's wife so that roused from her bed in the house with all speed she may raise the fair song of rejoicing to greet this beacon, if, in fact, Troy has been taken at last, as this signal blaze must clearly proclaim. 30 And I myself will dance the overture! For I will take my cue from my master's luck. the fall of the dice in this watch has favoured me so! I pray for this, at least, that I might clasp the master's hand I love in mine, when he returns to rules this house. But hush, now, as to that - a cattle beast has walked across my tongue. The house itself, if only it could speak, would tell the tale most clearly. I only speak to those who have ears that hear, to the deaf I am dumb.

Chorus

This is now the tenth year since the kings,
Menelaus and Lord Agamemnon,
Priam's great opposition,
firmly harnessed, ensceptred,
enthroned by Zeus, Atreus' sons,
did launch from this land

40

The Oresteia of Aeschylus: Agamemnon

the thousand-strong	
Argive fleet, martial aid,	
war cries clanging loud from their heart,	
a sound as of eagles	F0
trackless in grief for their young	50
ones lost, carried high in the thermal	
whirl by the stroke of their	
wings, nest empty below,	
wasted the lingering labour	
their young ones cost.	
Some god in his height,	
Pan, Zeus or Apollo, hearing the screams	
of their neighbours the birds, the shrill	
cries of grief,	
send out a slow vengeance of Furies.	
So it was lord Zeus, the god of hosts,	60
guest-friends, sends out the Atreidae	
against Alexander, a woman the cause	
and much manned, setting up for the Greeks	
and the Trojans alike many battles to weary	
the limbs, knees thrust down in the dust,	
lances broken and snapped	
in the war's early rites. It is now where	
it is and will end where the end has been set.	
No man can ease the tension of the wrath of god	
by burning sacrifices, by offerings that need no fire,	70
or by the shedding of tears.	
But we, ancient of flesh, honour lost,	
had no share in that rescue attempt,	
stayed behind	
supporting our strength,	
childlike, on these staves.	
The sap of youth that shoots in the chest	
is lost from the land and War	
assumes here an old man's guise,	
while age itself, leaf withered, stumbles	80
its three-footed way, weak as a child,	00
wanders dreamlike in the day.	
Tyndareus' child,	
Clytemnestra, queen, what news	
has brought you here? What messenger's report	
persuaded you to circulate	
your priests of sacrifice?	
The altars of the gods are ablaze with gifts,	
gifts for all the gods whose care our city is,	0.0
of sky, of earth,	90
native to this place and not	

	from here and everywhere the glare	
	shoots skyward, conjured up by the gentle, guileless persuasion	
	of oils, oils costly and pure, from the innermost	
	parts of this royal house.	
	Tell of these things what is possible,	
	lawful, consent to be	
	a comforter to our perplexity,	
	at once a source of foreboding	100
	and next of kindly hope, aglow from the flames	
	of sacrifice, and sanity's unquenched defence,	
	keeping at bay the pain that eats my heart.	
[str. a.	Power I have yet to sing the success of their rule over men	
_	in their prime on the road; inspired I am still by the gods	
	to persuade, and my age is well matched to the telling of tales.	
	The might of the Argives, twin-throned, and the martial,	
	like-minded array of the young men of Greece,	110
	was cast, vengeful spear in its hand,	
	upon the land of Troy, and the senders, berserk,	
	kings of birds, appeared to the kings of the ships, golden eagle,	
	sea-eagle, in turn, close in on the side of the spear,	
	clear to see on their nests,	
	gorging, their feast gravid womb-fruit of hare,	400
	clawed at the last in the course of its flight.	120
Fa., 4	Sorrow, speak sorrow, but may what is well still prevail.	
[ant. a	The valued Calchas, eyes prophetic of the host, observed	
	the likeness to the warlike Atreids, at odds in style the two,	
	said they, the generals, would 'rend the hare', foretold, "In time this force will stalk the town of Priam,	
	Doom plunder, violate	
	the public herds that browse	
	beneath its battlements;	130
	but let no malice of the gods invest Troy's mighty curb,	150
	this force, with darkling cloud. For virgin Artemis	
	for pity's sake is angry at the winged hounds	
	the father sent to feast upon the trembling beast and hates	
	the eagles' feast of pregnant dam and young."	
	Sorrow, speak sorrow. but may what is well still prevail.	
[mesod.	"Fair is the goddess, so kind in her heart	
	to the birth-damp young of the lion, harsh beast	
	and a source of delight to the breast-cherished cubs	
	of all the wild things of the field,	140
	so she begs to accomplish the signs,	
	the visible signs that I see bringing good,	
	bringing ill in their train".	
	I cry, 'Apollo, the Healer,	
	do not let her bring on the Greeks a cessation	

	f ship-shifting breeze, to delay them too long, in her wish for an answering death, unsung, and not to be taken to eat, a match for that parent of strife, and she no respecter of men. 'Dreadful there waits one to safeguard the house, a madness it is, avenging a child and mindful of guile." Even so Calchas trumpeted Fate to the men, great and good, the fate of the house from the flight of the birds on the way;	150
[str.a.	yes, in concert with them, sorrow, speak sorrow, but may what is well still prevail. Zeus - whoever he is, and, if this title is pleasing to him, this is the name I bestow. Nothing I think of compares, of all things that I weigh, except Zeus, if I must successfully hurl from my mind	160
[ant.b.	its vain burden of dread. Not even he who formerly was great, teeming triumphant with strength, not even of him will the story survive; nor yet of the one who succeeded, now gone, though he won in his time. Yet the man who in earnestness trumpets victorious Zeus will not be astray at all in his mind,	170
For each of	Zeus who has set men the route to good sense, set firm this sovereign rule, that wisdom is the child of pain. Displacing sleep before the heart there drips the constant memory of grief, and wisdom comes, like it or not, upon men. The kindness of the gods that sit at heaven's helm is savage indeed.	180
[ant.g.	The elder leader of the Argive fleet did not blame the prophet then, but breathed in harmony with gusting fate, and the Argive host, aggrieved and hungry in the doldrum calm, hugged the shore of Aulis' beach, the currents flowing to and fro. The winds persisted from the North, imposing hunger, mischief, idleness, upon that tiresome anchorage; crews sauntered, careless of the ships and gear, the winds stretched time, ground down the withered bloom of Greece; the prophet then cried out	190

[ant. d.	another remedy, more biting than the bitter wind, a burden for the leading men, Artemis the cause the Atreids did beat on the ground with their staves, could not restrain a tear. Lord Agamemnon spoke, the elder prince: "Grievous the doom should I disobey, but grievous, indeed, if I butcher the child, the delight of my house, and stain these father's hands with floods	200
	of virgin blood beside the altar place. What thing is free of disaster here?	210
	How can I desert the fleet, abandon my allies?	
	To rage in anger for a sacrifice to ease the winds,	
	a sacrifice of a virgin's blood,	
_	is right. I would it were well."	
[str. e.	But when he put on the harness of necessity,	
	his heart's breath came evil within him,	200
	impure and unholy, changed	220
	so as to dare all in his hardihood.	
	For madness encourages men in their schemes,	
	wretched first cause of all ills.	
	Emboldened he slaughtered his child for a war	
	waged for one woman,	
	a gift for the fleet.	
[ant. e.	Her prayers, her screams of 'father',	
Larrer C.	her young and innocent life her judges	
	discounted, lusting for war	230
	Her father, he prayed and instructed his crew,	
	'Though she clings at my robe,	
	lift her high, like a young she goat,	
	over the stone, face down,	
	heart rending, cover her mouth, her fair	
	lips, shutting off any curse	
	she screams at my house.'	
[str. f.	Gagged in violence, muted the cry	
	of her heart, saffron robes flowing down,	
	she constantly pierced	240
	with the shaft of her piteous gaze each man	
	that would kill her, speaking portrait of silent appeal, this girl	
	who so often had sung midst these guests at her father's fair	
	table, to honour with song and affection the third welcome drink	

her dear father set out. clear voiced this virgin unploughed. [ant. f. I neither saw, nor can speak of what happened next, but Calchas's arts are not unfulfilled. 250 The scales of Justice swoop down on those who will suffer and learn: you will hear what will be when it comes: leave it all well alone in advance. Foreknowledge is equal to pain. All will come clear with the sun's early light. May the business that follows upon these events turn out well, to match the desires of this woman close by, sole bulwark of Apia's land. I have come respectful, Clytemnestra, of your strength; For Justice demands we pay respect to the chieftain's wife, should the man have left his throne untenanted. 260 I would gladly learn if these sacrificial flames that have raised my hopes are in their turn inspired by news that is good or bad, although your silence would not cause offence. Clytemnestra May dawn, the child of kindly mother night, be proven, as men say, a kindly messenger, and you will learn a greater joy than ever you hoped to hear. The Argive men have captured Priam's citadel. Ch. How's that? Your word escaped my disbelief. Cl. Troy is now in Achaean hands. Is that quite clear enough? 270 Ch. Joy steals upon me, summons a tear to my eyes. Cl. Your eyes betray you for the loyal man you are. Ch. But what convinced you? Have you proof of this? Cl. Of course I have, unless some god has lied to me. Ch. Is it in a vision and persuasive dream you put your faith? Cl. I would not give tongue to fancies born of a sleeping soul. Ch. Does some unspoken rumour nourish you? Your words insult my mind, as if it were a child's. Cl. How long is it, then, since the city was taken and sacked? Ch. Cl. I speak of events of this kindly night that birthed this dawn. 280 Ch. What messenger could ever reach this place so rapidly? Cl. Hephaestus' flame relayed his shining light from Ida's height. Each successive beacon's courier blaze sent on the message: Ida to the Hermaean Crag on Lemnos; Zeus' sacred heights of Athos third received that island's mighty torch, and then, like fish that in sheer joy do skim the sun's bright track across the sea, the flames, all golden, like the sun itself, announced their presence to the watchers of Makistos;

290 they did not delay, because of overwhelming sleep, but transmitted directly their share in the news; far flung above the straits of Euripus the flame makes known its journey to the guards upon Messapion, who in their turn ignite their beacon, pass the word still further, kindling their silvered heather pyre to flames. Gaining still in strength and slackening not at all the flame then leaps across Asopus' river flats, outshines the moon in brilliance to reach Cithaeron's flank and arouse once more still yet another stage. These guards did not ignore the far-flung blaze, 300 but sent it on, increasing rather its size to shoot its light beyond Gorgopis' marshlands, whence it came to Aegyplanctus' mountain peak which goaded further the fire's unflagging flight. Then lighting up the flame's great beard they send it on with undiminished energy, further to leap and blaze across the headland that overlooks the Saronic strait; and next it plunged to reach Arachnus' crag, the watch tower close at hand. And finally that flame, fathered on Ida, leapt 310 upon this house that belongs to the sons of Atreus. Yes, these were the relays of my torch lit race, each one in succession fulfilling its separate role; so every stage from first to last is worthy of the victory. This is the kind of proof and evidence I give to you, from my husband's message direct to me from Trov. My lady, again I give the gods my thanks, but now to hear once more and wonder at your words is my desire, to hear your tale complete in every part. The Argives hold the town of Troy this very day. 320 I picture a city resounding with contrasting cries. Pour vinegar with oil into the selfsame bowl. then you would say they separate in loveless enmity. Just so I hear the cries of victims and of conquerors distinctly, both with a share of this double tragedy. For of the victims some have collapsed by the corpses of their husbands, brothers - and children, too, about the bodies of their elder dead, their parents' death they grieve, slaves now, lamenting those they loved, while hunger and weariness, after the battle they fought 330 nightlong, dispose the victors to scavenge what food the city possesses, no billets fixed for anyone, each sleeping where his fortune's lot would have him lay. And sleep they do in the homes of those Trojans

Ch.

Cl.

enslaved, free now of the frosty open sky and the damp cold air of the night, relaxed - no guard has been set -

as they sleep the sound sleep of total success. So long as they respect that city's gods, respect the temples of the gods whose land they now possess, then they who have despoiled might yet themselves escape that fate; but let no lust to sack what they should not beset their force, seduce it with desire for gain. For still they need safe passage home, still need to make completion of their race's homeward leg;	340
and if the army makes it home without offence to gods, the curse of those that have been killed might be aroused and still cause unexpected griefs to strike. Such is the news you hear from me - a woman, yes; let the good prevail and clearly be perceived as such. Of many blessings this I most would choose to have. My queen, you speak as soundly as might any careful man. I am convinced of the truth of what you've said to me and go to prepare my thankful prayers. Out of ills has been wrought a worthy cause of gratitude.	350
O Zeus who is king and night who is kind, endowed with mighty ornaments, you cast above the towers of Troy	
a net of constraint, so neither the old nor young outleapt the ruinous all encompassing mesh and web of slavery. Great the god Zeus that is Xenia's friend and I praise the work he has done, on Paris training his bow long ago that its shaft might fall neither short, nor, flying beyond, pass the stars.	360
Men can describe the bolt of Zeus, an trace its very track. Act followed the nod of his head. One man denied the gods did think it worth their while to trouble with men who'd trampled rights inviolate; he was anathema. A curse appeared to hound descendants born of those that dared deeds beyond what was right, and houses whose bloom exceeded the limit	370
of that which was best. Let grief absent itself that a man might be content who is gifted with sense.	380

For wealth is no defence when a man in his insolence boasts loud

Ch.

[str. a

at the altar of Zeus, inviting total destruction.

[ant. a Designing persuasion enforces its prey, infatuation's unstoppable child.
All remedy vain. Unconcealed the mischief burns clear, horrid gleaming; base bronze's true temper is betrayed into blackness by wear and tear justly tested; childlike the man who chases the bird, elusive in flight, he laid on his town an ineffable smear, but none of the gods pays heed to his plea; Zeus strikes down the man of injustice enmeshed in these crimes.

390

Such a man also was Paris who came to the house of Atreus' sons and shamed his host by the theft of a wife.

400

[str. b. She left the din of shields among her citizens, lancers drilling by troops, marines to man the men of war, to take her dowry of destruction over the sea to Troy; tripping lightly through whose gates she had dared what she should not; the prophets of the house did groan aloud and said, "We grieve for the house, its champions, grieve too for the bed, the print of their lust laid upon it! In silence, dishonoured, her husband at home, no curses, nor prayers for that lost to sight.

His longing for what has gone over the sea will conjure a phantom to rule in the house."

The statues that mirror her beauty, anathema now to her man; Aphrodite has perished, is dead in the void of his eyes.

[ant. b. Seductive, persuasive, illusory visions appear, harbingers of empty delight.

For all in vain is her seeming embrace, elusive the vision, twisting aside from his grasp, a dream lost forever from sleep's winged path.

Such then the griefs in the house by the hearth,

420

	but the griefs of the now are far worse. The host gathered from all over Greece suffers grief fit to harden the hearts of each individual house. Many losses there are to gnaw at the heart. Each wife knows the man that she sent on their way, but ashes and urns, in an exchange for men, is what is returned and comes home.	430
[str. c.	Yes, Ares, who traffics in death and in corpses, who critically tilts the spear's balance in war, he sends from the pyre that is Troy burdens of dust, to be wetted with tears wrenched from their loved ones, crumbling to brim-full the urns, an easier cargo than warrior men. In their grief they praise one man as crafty in war, of another, he died well in the slaughter - for what? "For another man's wife!" each snarls in secret resentment	440
	born of pain creeping up on Atreus' litigant sons. Some fine men keep their graves beneath the circuit of Troy's wall. Hostile the earth which they conquered and hold, concealing them now in its grasp.	450
[ant. c.	The talk of the men of the town is grievous with rage; Fate drives payment of curses the citizens blend. I wait in my dread to hear	
	what is hidden in night. The gods are not careless of those that have caused many deaths. Black Furies some day will plunge to the shades the man who is lucky beyond what is right, reversing the trend of his life; the shades of the dead can have no relief. Fair fame to excess is deadly indeed. For Zeus hurls his bolt with a flash of the eyes.	470
	Ungrudged wealth I approve; I would not wish to sack a town,	

nor face the life of a captive in war, some other's slave and possession.

[epode

Swift the flame's progress that brought the good news to our town; who can know if this is true, or some lie inspired by the gods.

Who is so childish or knocked so awry in his wits that, inflamed in his heart by the new words of the flame, he will suffer distress if the story is changed? It suits a woman's mind to give thanks in the light of this flame. Too credulous, a woman's mind is prone to hasty judgements, and the rumours she spawns speed swiftly into oblivion.

Cl.

We soon will learn the meaning of the message brought by fire and by the relays and transmission of the flame, 490 and see if it is true or if the flame has come, dreamlike, to seduce our hearts with empty hopes of false delight. I can see a herald coming from the shore with olive sprigs to shade his brows; his cloak of dust, parched sibling of the mud, proclaims, so far as I can see, he comes with news, no mere kindler of flames in the forest hills, no maker of signals in smoke this man, he will speak out and his words will all the more clearly bid us rejoice for I will not accept his purpose here is different from this. May his appearance happily confirm the happy news. 500 May any man, who harbours wishes other than these for our city, harvest for himself the fruit of foolishness.

480

Herald

All hail! I greet my native land, the soil of Argos!
In this the tenth year's dawn I have come home,
have gained one hope at least of many that are dashed.
For never did I dare to hope that I would die at home
in Argos, gain a share of this dear land for my grave.
So now I greet the earth and greet the sun's bright light,
greet Zeus, supreme in the land, and greet the Pythian lord,
Apollo, pray they loose their shafts at us no more.

510
For by Scamander's banks you were more than hostile enough,
but now, Apollo, lord, I pray you, be our saviour, heal
our wounds. I make my plea to all the gods who supervised
our sport and most of all to Hermes, my protector, well
loved herald who brings all heralds sacrosanctity,

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to the heroes too that sent us on our way, receive in kindliness the remnant of the host that has survived the spear.

	All hail the hall of kings, protecting roof I love, the sacred council seats and statues of the gods that face the sun!	
	As never before, with eyes alight with joy and fitting dignity,	520
	prepare to welcome the man, absent so long, your king!	
	Our lord Agamemnon has come to bring you a gift	
	of light in the darkness of night, a gift to share	
	with everyone. So welcome him as befits the man,	
	ploughshare of Zeus the dispenser of right,	
	who has levelled the city of Troy to the broken ground.	
	The altars and the temples of the gods are seen no more and all	
	the seeded increase of the land is rooted out, destroyed.	
	Our lord, the son of Atreus, that happy man, is home,	
	his yoke of servitude cast round the neck of Troy,	530
	and he is most deserving of your praise of all mankind alive today.	
	For neither Paris nor his city will combine	
	to boast their crime was greater than the punishment.	
	Found guilty of the crimes of rape and theft,	
	he lost the prize he'd won and brought a harvest of	
	complete destruction on his native land and home.	
Ch.	The sons of Priam have repaid their crimes twofold. Be welcome, herald of those who lead Argive host.	
He.	My greetings in return from one who now could die in peace.	
Ch.	Has longing for this, your native land, so tortured you?	540
He.	So much that my eyes are filled with tears of joy.	340
Ch.	This sickness which you have brings pleasure and distress.	
He.	Only when you school me in your meaning will I understand.	
Ch.	We too were struck with a need for those who also longed for us.	
He.	You mean this country matched us in our yearning to return?	
Ch.	How often from my heart's uncertainty a sigh was wrenched.	
He.	What caused your grief? Or did you feel anxiety for our force?	
Ch.	Long has my silence acted as a charm to ward disaster off.	
He.	Who was it made you tremble when the masters were away?	
Ch.	As you just said, to die in peace would be a blessing now.	550
He.	It has turned out well in the end. In the fullness of time	
	a man may say in some respects our fortune prospered there,	
	but other things were not so good; then, who apart from gods	
	remains untouched by pain throughout their life's whole span?	
	For if I were to speak of what we suffered then, the harsh	
	conditions, the gangways cramped at sea, the verminous bunks	
	and, equal cause for loud complaint, privations endured by day	
	And on the dry land too horror there was and worse.	
	Our beds lay deep in the shade of the enemy walls	5 .00
	and the dew dripped down from the sky and the damp	560
	rose too from the earth, bringing mildew to blankets	

and a plague of lice, alive, infesting our hair. The winter that killed the birds with cold, should I speak of that? Of intolerable frosts the like of which Mt Ida brings? Or summer heat, when the sea slept still in a stifling, waveless calm in its bed, bereft of breeze? But why should I rehearse these ills? Our trials are done. Yes, done, - as are the trials of those now dead, who need no longer care to think of resurrection; but why should we survivors count the cost in deaths, 570 or grieve at fortune's fickleness? I say that we should be well pleased, who are the remnant of the Argive force, for whom the balance of advantage more than holds its own with pain. and it is right for us, whose fame has taken wing across the land and sea, to glory in this day's dawn and boast how we, the Argive host, did capture Troy and have, in homes throughout the length and breadth of Greece, made trophies for the gods, an ancient source of pride. And those who hear such words as these must praise 580 our city and our generals; for so will the glory of Zeus have respect in accomplishing this. Such then is my tale. I am not displeased to be convinced by what you say. For even aged men are not too stale to learn a lesson well. But most of all it is right that Clytemnestra and her house should mark this news which so enriches me with them. I cried aloud in joy and triumph long ago when first the message of the night borne flame arrived. announcing Troy was captured and destroyed. Some men did mock me then and said, "Can you believe, 590 and be persuaded by these watch fires of the sack of Troy? A woman's heart is all too ready to be uplifted so." According to such talk it seemed that I had lost my mind. Still I made sacrifice, and in a womanlike way did different voices tongue throughout the town, as men rejoiced among the temples of the gods and poured the wine to still the scented sacrificial flames. So why then should you now detail for me the total tale, when I will learn it all from Agamemnon's lordly mouth? It is best that I make haste to welcome him, when he 600 comes home again, my honoured lord, - for what is a sweeter sight for a wife to see than this, the gates agape to greet her husband home from war, kept safe by the gods? You, tell my husband this:

Ch.

Cl.

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to come as swiftly as he can - this man the city loves! He will find his faithful wife inside when he returns.

a trusted watchdog, loyal to him, a bane to his foes,

just as he left her, guarding his stately home,

	and in everything else unchanged, the seal set on her chastity unsullied still in all that length of time. No other man has pleasured me, my reputation is as sound and pure as unadulterated bronze.	610
Ch.	A woman, nobly born, need feel no shame to utter such a boast as this with its pregnant burden of truth. The queen has spoken and her words are clear to read for those with ears to sense the proper meaning there. Now, Herald, speak, that I might learn of Menelaus, if he has returned safe home in company with you,	
He.	the man who is the well-loved bulwark of this land. It cannot be that I should mask bad news with lies to gratify indefinitely the ones who hold him dear.	620
Ch.	Is it so hard for you to tell a truth to us to bring us joy? Unpalatable truths are not so easily concealed.	
He.	The man was lost to sight from the Argive fleet,	
Ch.	both the man and his ship. This is the truth I have to tell. Was he lost to your sight as he sailed from Troy, or did	
OII.	some shared disaster, a storm perhaps, snatch him away?	
He.	Like a top notch bowman you have hit the mark	
Cl.	and have cut short a story long on grief.	620
Ch.	Have you had any word from any of those that sail the seas if he is still alive or of his death?	630
He.	Of that no one has any certain knowledge save the sun	
	whose warmth gives increase to the living earth.	
Ch.	And how do you say this storm assailed the fleet?	
	Was it the anger of the gods? How did it end?	
He.	It is not right to spoil a day of such fair fame by giving tongue	
	to messages of gloom. Respect for the gods lies other where. Whenever a herald, with downcast face, brings news	
	of the army's wretched butcher's bill to town,	
	and says that the people at large has suffered one wound,	640
	also that many individuals, men driven from home	
	by the twin barbed goad, beloved of Ares, god of war,	
	have met their fate, conjoined in blood, on the point of a spear	
	Well, loaded with sorrows like that, the herald should rather sing his victory song to give	
	the Furies praise, but, as I come with welcome news	
	of our salvation to gladden the city's heart	
	how shall I then commingle happy news with sad,	
	reporting the storm which was sent against us by the angry gods?	6 5 0
	For they, the deadliest of enemies in former days,	650
	conspired, yes, fire and sea, and took a solemn oath to rain destruction on our wretched Argive fleet.	
	The stormy swell of the sea rose deadly in the night.	
	The northern winds from Thrace thrust ship	
	on ship. In the storm's force, blindly rammed,	

they were scattered and lost to mutual sight in the gusting rain, a circling mob, the shepherd inept. And when the sun's bright orb did finally arise we saw a flowering of corpses on the sea, a bloom of Argive warriors and fragments of wreck. 660 As for us and our ship, some god, no man, purloined us, his hand on the helm, and gained our acquittal all unscathed. Good fortune attended our ship and willed it safe, so that she neither took on board green water on the deep, nor beached herself to break apart upon some rocky shore. And when we had escaped a watery grave, in the day's pale light, not yet believing in our luck, we mustered our wits to face this new calamity, the sight of our army cruelly pounded, quite spent. 670 And now, if any of them are still alive, they'll say, of course, that we have all been killed - what else? while we must entertain the same suspicions of their fate. I hope that all will turn out for the best, but yet must fear, indeed expect, that Menelaus is no more. However, if the sun's bright rays still find him out, alive and well, then there is hope that he will make it home again, if Zeus is not inclined to bring about the total decimation of this race. Hear this and know you listen to the truth. 680

Ch. [str.a.

Who was it coined this fatal name in all respects most accurate? it must have been a man possessed of a tongue itself possessed of future sight of what is bound to come. Spear-bride and source of strife, ves, Helen, bringing hell and death alike to men and cities, from her bed of luxury she sailed on Zephyrus' breath, titanic; in the vanishing wake of her oars a host of shield-bearing men, a pack in pursuit, their quarry gone to ground in the reed covered banks of Simois, intent on blood and strife.

[ant.a.

A shackle of wedded woe, well named and working its will, in the fullness of time

700

690

their rage imposed on Illum, for guest	
friendship and Zeus, domestic deity,	
scorned, punishment exacted for	
that boisterous song,	
hymenaeal, which fate	
then demanded	
the new kin sing.	
A new song is sung,	
full of grief, by Priam's Troy,	710
too old now to learn,	
cursing the bedstainer, Paris his name,	
destructive and grievous, a bane	
on the life of a town	
enduring the grief	
of citizen blood.	
A man once reared in his home	
a lion cub, unweaned and still	
fond of the teat;	
in its formative years,	720
gentle, soft, loving the children, charming	720
the old folk often it lay in the crook	
of their arms like a child, newly born,	
eyes bright as it fawned on their hand,	
compelled by the ache of its belly for food.	
compensa by the done of the beny for food.	
Maturity betrayed its natural bent,	
inherited not learned, repaid	
the kindness of its foster kin	730
with wasteful slaughter of sheep,	
creating, unbidden, a feast for itself,	
and the house was sullied with blood,	
a great pain unconnected with war	
afflicted the people, a murderous bane	
sent from the god, a minister of death	
had been raised against the house.	
Lat ma describe har first coming to Troy	
Let me describe her first coming to Troy, of her demeanour so calm	
and unruffled,	740
·	740
a delicate emblem of richness, submission	
the glance of her eyes, love's	
bloom to eat out your soul. Perverted the course of that marriage to a hitter and	
Perverted the course of that marriage to a bitter end, a curse of ill luck on the house	
hurled down on Priam's kin	

[ant. b.

[ant. b

[str. c.

by hospitable Zeus, a Fury to make the bride weep.

[ant. c.	There is an ancient maxim, long standing it has among men: a man's wealth full grown perpetuates itself, gives birth and does not die without increase, an insatiable offspring of grief for the race is the fruit of good luck. My thought runs otherwise: It is the evil act gives birth to further deeds that match its sire; always blessed is the house where right and justice give birth to sons that are fair.	750
[str. d.	Among the evil generations of men born to die, Pride is likely begotten by Pride soon or late and, when the due day of its birthing arrives, the Daimon emerges, undiverted by war or by strife, an unholy bane of black Ruin and madness at large in the halls, with the stamp of their parents upon it.	770
[ant. d.	But Justice shines bright in the smoke stained halls of the house and she honours the life of the god-fearing man. The gold spangled booty of hands fouled with crime she abandons, reproachful her eyes, keeps company with piety, pays no respect to power in wealth that bears the stamp of false praise; she directs all to its appointed end.	780
	We welcome the king, the sacker of Troy's tall citadel! All hail to the noble son of Atreus! But how to address you? How give honour due and not exceed nor give short measure of praise to this time of delight? For many are they among men that honour the semblance of honour, but transgress against Justice themselves. Each and every man is ready to join and grieve with a man who has suffered defeat, but the sting of their grief comes nowhere near the seat of the pain; And likewise men will join in rejoicing and force their faces to take on lines of artificial delight But any man who is skilled in judging his flock,	790

their seeming joyous eyes will not escape his note, fawning in friendship dilute.

At the time that you sent off the army to Troy and all for Helen's sake - I shall not hide my thought - you were painted in my heart in unbecoming tones, misguided, I thought, the course of your mind, providing courage born of the sacrifice to men on the point of despair. But now my true friend's heart and mind are well disposed to those whose task is well done. In time you will learn, when enquiry you make,

just who of the townsfolk have served the city

with justice and who have not.

800

Agamemnon

810

Right first demands I greet the land of Argos and its native gods that share with me in my return and shared alike in meting justice out to Priam's town. For the gods, persuaded by our deeds, not words, cast votes without dissent into the urn of blood and death to wreak destruction on the town of Troy. Vain hope was all there was that a hand might hover above the other urn - and so that fortunate city is overtaken now by smoke, the cyclones of ruin still blow, and thick billows the breath from the guttering embers of wealth. One must give many mindful thanks to the gods for these gifts, since we have taken plunder fit to boast of, and for one woman's sake the Argive beast, the wooden horse, has trampled a city to dust, given birth to a host of shields. has measured its predator's leap on a backdrop of stars, and the cannibal lion plunged over the lofty wall of Troy to lap up its fill of a tyrant's blood. I have extended my thanks to the gods; let them serve but as prelude. I hear and heed your thoughts, agree with them - in me you find a like-minded man. Few men there are whose nature allows them to honour a fortunate friend ungrudgingly. The venom of ill will sitting close to the heart compounds the discomfort for envy's sick victim. The man himself is tortured by his own disease and also grieves at the sight of another's success. I speak as one who has experience. I know too well the dubious and shadowed image of life's face, and the men who seem to be, - oh, so devoted to the king.

820

830

840

Odysseus, who had to be compelled to sail, alone

was ready, once conscripted, to bear the yoke with me but whether I name a man who is dead, or still alive... As for the rest of our affairs, both secular and divine, we will assemble together full council of our folk and take advice to guarantee that our good health and luck remain set fair long term, but if there is, in fact, a need for healing remedies, then we, sound-thinking men, will aim by cautery or by the knife to put this bane of plague to flight. 850 Now I will go in to my palace and domestic hearth to greet initially, with all familiarity, the gods who sent me far away and have brought me home once more. Since victory has followed me, so let it always stay with me. As citizens and men of Argos you gentlemen deserve respect, and yet I feel no shame to speak to you the love I bear my man; in time the sense of what is proper fades and withers in humankind. This is no second hand tale that I tell, but the course of my own sad life's history for the time this man spent beneath the walls of Troy. 860 For a woman to sit in her house, divorced from her man, is firstly a desolate and extraordinarily evil thing, perpetually prey to outbreaks of rumours and gloom. Now one would come, and now another with news far worse than the one before, crying disaster on the house. And if this man had had as many wounds as the word that flooded this house maintained, he would have had more holes to count than any fishing net. If he had died as many times as swelling rumour told, he must have owned three bodies, been a second Geryon, to boast 870 a heavy threefold coverlet of earth above for burial - not to mention that below - and boast the need to die three times. each manifestation demanding a separate end. Because of recurrent rumours such as these. there were nooses, slung aloft, and round my neck, which other hands did grasp and loosen forcibly. This is the reason why your son, Orestes, does not stand beside me as he ought, the one who is pledge of our ties of mutual affection. Do not be surprised at this. Our friend and ally, Strophius of Phocis, kindly cares 880 for him; for he foretold a double dose of risk to me, the peril hanging over you beneath the walls of Troy, then insurrection by the people here and anarchy confounding government, since it is the nature of our mortal kind to put the boot into a man when he is down. This is my explanation and it contains no subterfuge. The springing torrent of my lamentation's flood

Cl.

The Oresteia of Aeschylus : Agamemnon

runs dry and there is not one teardrop left inside to weep.

My eyes felt the pain of lack of sleep, as I wept with frustration at the unattended lights - and still never news of you from the beacon sites. And in my dreams I was wrenched out of sleep by the thin wing beat of a whining gnat, as I saw you take more hurts than even the time that I slept with could contain. All this have I endured and now, my heart released from grief, let me greet this man, this watchdog of our flock, the ship's sustaining figurehead, the high	890
roof's central prop, fixed firm in the earth, a sire's sole son and heir, a sailors' glimpse of land, hope gone, day's dawning from the storm, fairest far to look upon, parched traveller's draught from the flowing spring. How sweet it is to escape from all necessity! Such are the words I choose to honour him.	900
Let envy keep its distance. For I have suffered many ills in time gone by. But now, my love, step down from off your chariot, but do not set down your foot upon the ground, my lord, who laid in waste the town of Troy. Slaves, why delay in your appointed tasks? Bestrew the ground where he will walk with tapestries. And let there be a path of purple laid into this house he had not hoped to see, a path as Justice might approve. As for the rest, my mind alert, not overcome with sleep, will all dispose, a disposition just and set with help divine. Offspring of Leda, guardian of my house, in one	910
respect at least your words of welcome match my absence - both were overlong. And as for praise that is appropriate, that gift must come from other mouths than yours. Also, seek not to pamper me, as if I were a woman, nor, prostrate, mouth your flattery as at some foreign potentate and do not, pray, with tapestries thrown down provide a path to nemesis for me; it is right and proper to honour the gods in such a way, but no mortal man can trample down embroideries so gorgeous as these without a pang of dread.	920
I say to honour me as suits a man and not a god. Renown declares itself without the need to wipe its feet on tapestry, while modesty of mind is the gods' most precious gift. No life should be described as happy unless brought to a prosperous close. The future holds no fears for me, if thus I organise my life. Well tell me this, and do not fail to speak your mind Know well that I shall speak my uncorrupted mind! In a moment of fear did you vow this course to the gods? I spoke with as full awareness as any of my words' intent. What think you Priam would have done, if he had won?	930

Ag.

Cl. Ag. Cl. Ag. Cl.

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Ag. I am convinced he would have walked upon the tapestries. Well then, you must not dread the evil tongues of men. Cl. Ag. But public opinion is a powerful force. The man who is unenvied is a man without success. Cl. It is not the woman's part to hanker so for strife. 940 Ag. It is the victor's part to be gracious in defeat. Cl. And do you value so a victory in this argument? Ag. Cl. Concede, I pray, and win by granting victory to me. Oh well, if you must have it so, let someone make haste Ag. to loosen these sandals that serve as my footwear today. And as I trample on these purple cloths let not the grudging glance of any of the gods strike from afar. I am greatly ashamed for my feet to destroy the wealth of this house and extravagantly spoil the silvered threads. 950 So much for that: now, take this foreign 'guest' inside and treat her well; the god who watches from afar is well disposed when the victor acts with courtesy. No one puts on the yoke of slavery with eagerness. The army gave this girl to me, the choicest bloom of all the things we took, and so she follows in my train. Now, since I am constrained to hear you and obey in this, I shall enter the halls and tread your purple path. Cl. There is always the sea and it is inexhaustible and is a source unfailing of the purple dye that tints our cloth and matches silver's value, weight for weight. 960 Thanks be to the gods, my lord, this house is very well supplied and remains quite ignorant of poverty. I would have vowed a crushing of much cloth. had the oracles made that demand of the house. the while I strove for a means to bring you safely home. So long as the root persists, the tree will burgeon with leaves, shading the house against the summer heat; even so you have come to your house and your hearth and summer's warmth emerges in the winter cold. And when next Zeus creates the vintage from 970 the unripe vine, there will be coolness in the house, because its proper master walks about the house. Zeus, master, accomplish everything in answer to my pleas; take care to bring to pass all that lies within your will. Chorus Why this obstructive dread str. a. that hovers in place before my heart to bring foreboding,

why this song that springs unbidden and unwaged

	to prophecy, and why no confidence in my dear heart to spurn false prophecies as doubtful dreams? For the time is long gone when the hawsers were cast off in the turbid and turbulent surf and the army took ship, set sail for Troy.	980
[ant. a.	I see at first hand and believe in their safe return, but yet my heart inside me sings, self-schooled, a joyless, tuneless song, a Fury's song of vengeance, quite hopeless my heart, unconfident. Gut feelings will not be ignored. My heart and soul, a vortex, wrenched by thoughts of justice brought to pass. I pray my dreads are vain, do not fall out and come to pass.	990
[str. b.	A man cannot have	1000
[Str. U.	an excess of health. For illness, health's close neighbour, ever crowds the man, whose destiny runs straight, and runs him aground on an unseen reef. The sacrifice of part for whole is caution's choice, to jettison the surplus, nicely weighed - the house in its entirety is not then capsized, because it is too fully loaded, past capacity - nor is a ship submerged. The plentiful bounty of Zeus is generous. The furrowed harvest brings an end to famine's plague.	1010
[ant. b.	The mortal blood that falls in blackness on the ground before the victim's feet, what spells can call it back to life?	1020

One man was skilled in bringing back the dead, Asclepius by name. Zeus thwarted him and it cost him dear. Had not the gods a balance set, so none could step beyond their role, my heart, anticipating now the office of the tongue, would vent these thoughts. But mumbling in the dark, heartsore, it is bereft of any hope of ever winding up to any proper end, and my mind burns.

1030

Cl. Bring yourself also within, yes you, Cassandra; for Zeus has in his kindness granted you a share in the worship in this house, to stand with all the many other slaves beside the family shrine come down from the chariot, do not be proud. For men do say that Herakles himself was bought and sold and forced to eat the bread of slavery. If fate and fortune have it that you have to be a slave, be very grateful that your masters have ancestral wealth. Those new come to unexpected wealth will treat their slaves with unprecedented cruelty in everything. From us you will have the treatment custom requires.

1040

Ch. Her speech just made was clear, and intended for you. You are a captive, part of the fated spoils of Troy you should obey her, if you can; would you refuse? Cl. Unless her speech is like the swallow's song, and she

is possessed of unknown tongue, barbarian, then she must take note and obey the words I speak. Come. What she says is best, the way things are.

1050

Ch. Obey and leave the chariot seat behind.

Cl. I do not have the leisure time to waste outside the house; the victim for the sacrifice already stands beside the central hearth and is readied for death. An unprecedented pleasure awaits me now. If you are going to do what I say, then waste no time, but if, in ignorance, you cannot take my gist, why - flap your foreign hand and do not speak!

1060

This stranger seems to stand in need of an interpreter. Ch. She is like some newly netted creature of the wild.

Cl. No, rather she is crazed and heeds her own sick thoughts;

for she has left behind her newly netted town to come here, has not learned to bear the curb before her rage is spent in bloodied foam.

I will not be dishonoured more by wasting words on her.

Ch. I pity her myself and am not moved to anger. Come now, poor wretch, and leave the chariot, 1070 give way and accept this new yoke of necessity. Cassandra Aghhhhhhhhh! Agh! [str. a. Apollo! Apollo! Ch. Why in anguish raise your voice to Loxias? For he is not the kind of god to welcome grief. Ca. Aghhhhhhhhh! Agh! Apollo! Apollo! [ant. a. Ch. Once more she calls on the god, tongue-tied in grief, but before this god it is not right to stand and weep. Ca. Apollo! Apollo! [str. b. Public guardian, Apollo mine! 1081 A second time in fickleness you have destroyed me. Ch. She seems about to sing of her own distress. The gift divine of prophecy lives on within her heart. Ca. Apollo! Apollo! Public guardian, Apollo mine! [ant. b. Where have you brought me now and to which house? Ch. The house of Atreus' sons. Let me inform your ignorance. In speaking this you speak the truth. Ca. God hated then and conscience cursed, a house of kindred deaths and hideous strength, 1091 str. c. of a warrior's butchery upon the bloodied killing floor. Ch. Keen-scented, like some hunting bitch, the stranger seems to hound the places where a murder might be found.

Ca. Yes, these are witnesses here to my belief; [ant. c. these children crying out at butchery,

their own flesh baked for a father to feast upon.

Ch. We have had word of your prophetic fame before,

but we have no need of prophets here.

Ca. Ah! What is she plotting now? [str. d. What is this huge new pain?

1101

Some huge new crime is being plotted in this very house,

to injure loved ones dreadfully, incurably,

and any remedy is far away.

Ch. I have no understanding of these fresh prophecies.

The rest I know too well. The entire city shrieks with it.

Ca. Ah, woman, shall you bring this thing to pass? [ant. d. To wash and bathe your bedmate, husband, make him clean and bright - I ask, for what? Yes, this will swiftly be. A hand outstretched 1110 to grasp the hand outstretched... Ch. I do not understand, am at a total loss, confronted by these riddles and the purblind ravings of the god. Ca. Noooo! Nooo! Ah! What vision is this? She is the hunting net of Death! [str. e. His wife herself the snare, she shares the guilt of blood. Let strife insatiable within this line give tongue at the ritual stony death. Ch. What kind of Fury is this in the house you call upon to rouse itself? Your words do not enlighten me. 1120 Dark runs the flow of purple blood towards my heart, congeals, as it does in the darkling dusk of lives that have succumbed to the spear. Destruction is swift and imminent. Ca. Ah! Ah! See! See! Keep the bull from the cow! She snares him in his robes [ant. e. and gores with a horn of blackness and guile. He stumbles and falls in the bath. I tell you of fate brought to pass in a bath. Ch. I would not boast that I can read the oracles of gods with clarity, but still I hazard these pronouncements bode no good. 1130 What benefit has ever come to men from oracles? For only out of disaster do the garrulous skills of the seer bring messages of dread for men to learn. Ca. Evil the fate that rules my wretched destiny; [str. f. With welling tears I grieve at my suffering. What is it that you have brought me to in my pain? For nothing else, but to share in another's death - of course. Ch. Your mind is unhinged by the transports of god, 1140 lamenting a death, your own, a song unmeasured, a song the tawny nightingale might warble tirelessly, heartsore for its dear one, "Itys, Itys!" - grieving a life that is fruitful of woe. Ca. Ah yes, the fate of the warbling nightingale...

[ant. f.	The gods cloaked her body in feathers and down, granted her pleasant life with no reason for tears; For me awaits impalement on the double sided blade. Is some god the source of this anguish that wantonly batters your soul? This is a song of dread you strike up and proclaim in a cry, the cry of a beast, inarticulate, shrill. What limit is set to your ill omened path of prophecy?	1150
Ca. [str.g.	I grieve at the match Paris made, at the deaths that it brought to his friends, for the river, Scamander, that watered the land of my father, the waters beside which I too then flourished and grew. Soon now it seems I shall sing, inspired, of Cocytus and of the tortures found beside the banks of Acheron. The words you speak are now too clear! A child could understand. Again I am struck to the heart by the goad, all blood, of a fate as bitter as yours, and you sing a song that is painful to hear.	1160
Ca. [ant. g.	I grieve for the pains, the pains of the town, completely destroyed, for sacrifices father made in front of his walls, for the prodigal slaughter of grazing flocks. No cure at all they brought to save the city from the suffering it had feel; and I shall presently spill my body's warmth upon the ground. This follows the run of your former song. Some god with ill intent weighs hard upon you, inspiring you to force expression of a song, a song replete with grievous pain and death. I cannot tell the end of it.	1170
Ca.	My prophecy will no longer peek in diffidence from out its wrappings like some new and blushing bride; like a wind blowing clear to the east, it will come, I think, a grief much greater than mine, that will come like the swell of a wave that lifts to the light of the dawn. I shall teach no longer by riddles. And you too bear me witness, hunting by my side, as I scent the traces of these crimes of long ago. A choir there is that gives tongue in unison, an ugly sound, and it shall not ever leave this house. Its message is grim. Intoxicated by the blood of men and so whipped up	1180

	the more, it leads the lasting revelry of Furies in the house, the spirits of murdered kin so hard to dislodge. Besieging the house, they sing their song of its ruin and original crime, spitting despite in their rage on the man who despoiled his brother's bridal bed. Did I miss the mark, or did I play the marksman properly? Am I false prophet, babbling at the doors I knock upon? On oath bear witness that I know about the crimes that are the long time story of this house.	1190
Ch.	What benefit would accrue from such a binding oath, in all honesty sworn? But still I am amazed that you, though reared across the sea yet have the power to speak the truth about another's town, as if you had been there.	1200
Ca.	Apollo, lord of prophecy, has set this task for me.	
Ch.	I assume that, god though he was, he lusted after you?	
Ca. Ch.	In former times I was ashamed to talk of these things. In good times one can afford a certain delicacy.	
Ca.	He locked my limbs in combat, breathed delight.	
Ch.	Did you come to the business then of procreation?	
Ca.	I promised that I would, but broke my word to Loxias.	
Ch.	And now you are a captive of the arts of prophecy?	
Ca.	I prophesied before the sum total of my city's grief.	1210
Ch.	How come you escaped Apollo's rage unscathed?	
Ca.	Ever since I let him down, nobody trusts a word I say.	
Ch. Ca.	And yet we think your prophecies are credible enough.	
Ca.	Ah! Ah! The evil, the grief and the woe! Once more the dreadful pain of truthful prophecy	
	confounds my soul with dizziness at what is still to come	
	Do you see, seated there upon the house, young ones,	
	nightmare shapes, images of dreams, children, dead	
	at the hands of those nearest and dear to them,	
	hands filled with the meat of their own flesh as food,	1220
	soft offal and entrails, grasping, together displayed,	
	a pitiful burden, the feast that their father enjoyed.	
	In requital, I say, some creature is plotting revenge,	
	a fawning lion that keeps to the house and rolls	
	in the bed of the master who is on his way home, my master - for I must bear the yoke of slavery	
	The leader of ships and the sacker of Troy, he does	
	not understand the nature of that tongue of the bitch	
	that loathes him, yet did fawn on him at cheerful and	
	ingratiating length to work an evil fate of hidden death.	1230
	Such boldness - for the wife to be a husband's murderer!	
	I might give her any loathsome monster's name and still	
	be accuratereptilian she is, twin-headed, or some Scylla	
	of the crags who is the bane of those that sail the sea,	
	this avenging mother, born of Hell, breathing war	

Ch.	and death implacable upon her kin! Oh, how this harridan's heart yelped triumphantly, as if berserk in the throes of war, while she simulated gladness at his safe return. And if I don't persuade you of the likelihood of this, why then what will come will come and you will soon stand by in pity to call me by the name of too true prophetess. I recognise and shudder at the feast of childish flesh Thyestes had, and dread possesses me to hear you tell this tale so truly, with no hint of fabrication. The rest I heard, but lost the scent and run confused.	1240
Ca.	I say you will bear witness to Agamemnon's death.	
Ch.	Peace, woman, hush! No words that bode so ill!	
Ca.	This story will allow no peace of mind.	
Ch.	No, not if it is willed, but I pray it may not come to that.	
Ca.	Yes, make your prayers, but others have murder in mind.	1250
Ch.	By what man's hand is this monstrosity prepared?	
Ca.	Your reading of my messages is very far astray.	
Ch.	I do not know the man whose aim this is.	
Ca.	And yet my knowledge of your tongue is all too sure.	
Ch.	Apollo's oracles are framed in Greek, but yet are hard to read.	
Ca.	The pain that assails me burns like fire!	
	Ah, Lord Apollo, Wolf God, the pain, the pain!	
	The lioness herself, two footed, lies in congress with	
	the wolf in the absence of the noble leader of the pride,	4060
	and she will kill me wretchedly, infuse her rage	1260
	with drugs compounded of her jealousy to pay me back,	
	to hone her anger's knife for a husband's corpse,	
	exact also my death in payment for my journey here.	
	Why wear these things that make a mock of me? And why	
	the sceptre, and the seer's garland round my neck? I will destroy you in anticipation of my fate.	
	Go, go! Accursed! Hurled down in payment for my pain!	
	Enrich some other victim with disaster now instead of me!	
	Behold, Apollo himself divests me of my robes	
	of prophecy, Apollo who has watched me mocked	1270
	by friends and enemies alike, decked out in all	1270
	this finery, my prophecies ignored or doubted.	
	I learned abuse, as if I were some rabid charlatan,	
	some wretched filthy beggar - and endured it;	
	And now the lord of prophecy himself has brought	
	my task of prophecy to its appointed fatal end.	
	The butcher's block and not a father's altar waits for me,	
	ensanguined with warm blood, all ready for my sacrifice,	
	but in our death we will not be neglected by the gods.	
	For another will come in his turn to avenge us,	1280
	a son to kill a mother and avenge a father's death.	
	An exile and a wanderer, sent by his kin from out this land,	

Ch.	he will return, the final architect of their destruction. For the gods have sworn a solemn, mighty oath that from the grave his father's tumbled corpse will summon him. Yet why should I thus raise my voice in pity and in tears? For first of all I saw my city, Ilium, and how she met her fate, and I have seen the city's captors how they fare, according to the dictates of the gods. And I will go to meet my fate. I will endure to die. This gateway where I speak is an entrance to Hell. I pray the blow that I receive is skilfully struck that I might die with dignity, and close my eyes with no convulsive flux and gout of blood. You have suffered much and so become wise, and much have you said, but if, in fact, you have sure knowledge of your very own share in death, how can you make your way	1290
	in calmness to the altar like some sacrificial cattle beast?	
Ca.	There is no escape, none, strangers, not in the time that is left.	1200
Ch. Ca.	But one's last portion of time on this earth is most valued!	1300
Ca. Ch.	The day has come. I find no profit in flight. Know you are brave, inspired by an indomitable heart.	
Ca.	No one that is happy ever hears such words of praise.	
Ch.	To die, though, but die well is a source of grace to us.	
Ca.	I grieve for you, father, and your children nobly born.	
Ch.	What is this thing that turns you from your path in dread?	
Ca.	The horror, the horror!	
Ch.	What is it that you flee? Some new abomination of the mind?	
Ca.	The walls of the house breath death and bloody murder.	
Ch	It cannot be! This is the smoke and stench of sacrifice.	1010
Ca.	As such it suits the smoke that comes from the grave.	1310
Ch.	The sacrifice was never some exotic decoration for the house.	
Ca.	But I will go inside the house and there lament my fate and that of Agamemnon. Let this be the limit of my life.	
	Ah, friends!	
	I do not keen in fear, like some bird at the snares in a bush,	
	and all to no avail; bear witness later to my dying words,	
	when a woman pays for my woman's life with her own	
	and a man who made an evil match will die to pay her man.	
	On the point of death I beg this stranger's gift from you.	1320
Ch.	I pity you in the wretchedness of your prophetic fate.	
Ca.	I wish to give tongue just one more time, to a dirge	
	lamenting me. I pray to this, last light of the sun	
	that I shall see, that those who avenge my master's death	
	will also exact requital in blood for me, poor dead	
	slave that I am, and an object that is easily crushed.	
	The lot of humankind is pitiful. The good fortune a man	
	enjoys is a sketchy thing at best, and if one's fortunes change,	

		et sponge erases them with but a single pass. t is far and away the thing I find most pitiable of all.	1330	
Ch.	Among mankind it is nature's way that the taste for success can never be sated; no man cries a halt to it, to keep it from his envied palaces with this injunction, "You are welcome no more!" The blessed gods did grant this man the gift of taking Priam's Troy; he comes back home with honour gained from god; if he must now pay for former blood himself, by death, and by his death ordain the punishment and death of others too, what man, on hearing this, could boast he was himself born free of enmity divine.			
Agamemnon				
Ch	_	! I am struck to the heart a fatal blow!		
Ch. Ag.		till! Who cries and complains of a fatal wound?!! Again, and worse! A second blow!		
Ch.		deed, it seems, is done; for these are the cries of our king!		
CII.		must join and decide, if we can, on a plan that is safe.		
	1.	Then let me tell you what it is I think is right:		
		proclaim to the people to come here to the house!		
	2.	I say rather as fast as we can we should make an assault,	1350	
		convict them, the blood still fresh on their swords.		
	3.	Such too is my plan, I agree, and that is the course		
		of action I vote. Delay will do no good!		
	4.	It is clear to see that these are the first steps and signs		
		of those who harbour tyrannical intent against the town.		
	5.	We are wasting time, while they spurn caution's fame,		
	_	do not lapse into sleep, when once the job's in hand.		
	6.	I do not know what course I suggest we take.		
	7	For the man of action also needs a plan.	1360	
	7.	And I agree with you. I know no way by means of words that we will serve to resurrect the dead.	1300	
	8.	And shall we then drag out our lives in shame, subject		
	0.	our homes to the tyranny of leaders such as these?		
	9.	It is intolerable, a fate that is worse than death.		
		Yes, death is a fate far sweeter than tyranny.		
	10.	But can we be sure from the proof of the cries		
		that we heard that our master is certainly dead?		
	11.	We ought to have clear proof before we vent		
		our anger. Guesswork and proof are poles apart.		
	12.	The weight of numbers convinces on all sides	1370	
		that I should learn precisely how it is with Atreus' son.		

Clytemnestra

I said much in the past that was governed by expediency, but now I feel no shame to change my tune and speak the truth. How else could I have raised the net of death too high to overleap, when I was fighting hate with hate, embroiled with those seeming friends that were in fact my enemies? This contest has been long and well thought through by me. The long held grudge is satisfied in the fullness of time. I stand, where I killed him, at the scene of the crime. I did what I did - and I shall not attempt to deny it -1380 that he might not escape, nor yet ward off his fate. I cast a complex net for him, as for a fish, an evil weave it was of wealthy cloth, and struck him twice; two groans was all, his limbs collapsed: and where he lay prostrate I gifted him another cut, a third, and made of him a welcome offering to Hades' house, sure keeper of the dead. So he fell and coughed out his last breath, and sudden the gush of carnage from his mouth to soak me, pure and dark, moist rain of his death, 1390 and I laughed with delight to match the sharp and burgeoning joy fields find in the god-given rain. Rejoice that the thing is done, my ancient lords of Argos, if rejoice you will, while I rain curses down! Were it right to pour an offering above the corpse, then such a gift of imprecations would be just and more than just. So great a goblet of distress this fellow filled for us inside this house, which he has now returned to lift and drain. 1400

Ch. We are dumbfounded at the boldness of your tongue, when you make such a boast about your husband's death.

Cl. You question me as if I were some empty headed girl. Yet, as I speak to you, my breast is not aflutter, even though you know what I have done - and your praise or blame is all alike to me; this here is Agamemnon, husband mine, and now he is a corpse by virtue of my own right hand, a job well done and craftsmanlike. That is the way things are.

Ch. What evil thing, nurtured of earth, have you partaken of, my lady, what drug [str. drained from the salt sea's surge induced this madness of death and sacrifice, sufficient to rout the people's curse? 1410 You have cut yourself off from the city; an exile now, the citizens hate you mightily.

Cl. So you condemn me now to be an exile from the state, pronouncing me the object of the city's hate and execration, but in time past you brought no corresponding charge against this man, who sacrificed his child, and thought no more

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about her death than had she been one sheep from out his shaggy multitude of flocks, and she - the best loved fruit of my labour's pain - a spell to calm the winds from Thrace. You did not think it right to drive this man from the land, in payment for that stain of blood? But stern you are in judging me when you hear what I have done. I say to you: "Yes, make your threats and be aware that I am well prepared for you to rule, should you succeed in overpowering me, but on these terms, that if the gods' decree is otherwise, perhaps too late, you will come to learn to be discreet."

1420

Ch. You are indeed ambitious

[ant. and your arrogance yelps out loud, as if this sanguinary twist of fate had turned your head; ensanguined too the gaze of your bloodshot eyes.

Now you must pay the price, bereft of friends,

pay back blow for blow.

1430

Cl. Hear then the rightness of the oaths that I will swear;

by the Justice that my daughter's soul demands, by Ruin and the Furies, with the help of whom I cut his throat, no expectation of dread attends this house so long as Aegisthus' warmth glows in my hearth and protects me well as it has done in the past. For this man has been the ample shield of our defiance. So here he lies, the man who took and used this girl, ves, Agamemnon, charmer of the golden girls of Ilium; and here his spear-bride lies, the prophetess and sharer of his bed, the speaker of signs and trusted mistress, who also shared with him

1440

1450

the harshness of the rowers' bench. They have earned this present privilege. For he lies so, while she, swanlike, is nestled by his chest, and has sung her last lament for death, a thought to bring

fresh relish to the pleasures of my bed.

Would that some painless Fate might swiftly come, Ch.

[str. a. no lingering thing,

> might come to bring us everlasting, endless sleep, since now our guardian

is overcome, who cared for us

best and dared much, and that at the hands of a wife.

He lost his life at the hands of his wife.

[ephymn. a. Oh Helen, Helen, wayward you were,

one woman you caused such countless deaths,

souls lost beneath the walls of Troy,

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Cl.	You then declare the guilt for this was mine? Do not condemn me, though, as being Agamemnon's wife!	
[ephymn. b.	My king, my king! How shall I weep for you? What can I say to match the love I feel? Prone in the web of this spider's net you breathed out your life in impious death, and I grieve for you, trapped in that fatal embrace, overcome by the wiles of a wife, by her hand on the double edged sword.	1490
Ch. [str. b.	Yes, great indeed is the god that you praise, the weight of whose rage presses down on the house, a terrible story of grief, of insatiate fate. But through Zeus, prime mover, is everything done! What action of men is done without Zeus? What of these things is not sanctioned by Zeus?	
Cl.	Your talk is now directed down a proper path, since you invoke the deity that has afflicted all three generations of this race. From him bloodlust is nurtured in the gut; before the long past scar is healed, fresh pus.	1480
Ch. [ant. a.	You, evil force, that tramples down the house and twin blood strains of Tantalus, the power you wield, from women sprung, like-minded women, it gnaws at my heart, like this crow, perched in malevolence above the corpse, that sings its tuneless grace.	1470
Cl.	You should not ask for a share in death, distressed by what has come to pass; nor should you turn your rage on Helen, claim she was a murderess, that she alone destroyed the lives of many men and caused the Greeks incurable grief.	
	but now the final and flowering prize, bought through bloodshed indelible, and the strife you then caused in your house enforced death on this man.	1460

	Keen scented came the vengeance from the past and took the likeness of the dead man's wife, exacting retribution for the horrid feast of Atreus, a sacrifice in honour of the children dead.	1500
Ch. [ant. b.	What man is there to testify that you are guiltless of this death? How, how? I pray that from his father's line there might arise an ally to avenge him. Black Ares indulges in force and the fresh flowing streams of kindred blood, advancing justice for the blood congealed of the cannibal feast.	1510
[ephymn. b.	My king, my king! How shall I weep for you? What can I say to match the love I feel? Prone in the web of this spider's net you breathed out your life in impious death, and I grieve for you, trapped in that fatal embrace, overcome by the wiles of a wife, by her hand on the double edged sword.	1520
Cl.	I do not believe that this man's death was an ungenerous act. For did not this man too wreak death through guile upon the house? The seed he sowed in me that grew and bloomed, the child I wept for so, Iphigeneia, he treated as he has himself been dealt with - and let him not in Hades boast his reputation, since he has paid by the sword for the work he began.	
Ch. [str. c.	I have no sense of where to turn! Bereft of wit my mind has no direction, now our house has failed. I dread the squall of blood that rains upon and shakes the house. And does the storm now ease to mist? Fate hones the blade of justice for another crime on yet another sharpening stone.	1531
[eph. c.	I grieve for the land, the land, and wish that it had welcomed me before I looked upon this man, laid low in the bath with the silver walls. And who will bury him? Sing his lament?	1540

Will you then be so bold, who killed this man, your husband, as to sing his dirge, and render, in injustice, graceless gifts to him in monstrous payment for your crimes? And who by the tomb of this godlike man will labour to speak the words of tears and praise for him, with the spirit of truth in their heart.

1550

CI. It is not right for you to talk about such care as this; he fell and died because of me and I shall bury him, but there will be no tears for him, shed by the people of this house, but Iphigeneia, his daughter, as is only right, may throw herself about her father's neck and greet him with a kiss, beside that stream of trouble and death that flows so swiftly through the underworld.

Ch. Charge counters counter charge,

[ant. c. hard fought the judgement.

1561

Despoiler is despoiled, and the killer has paid in full. On the throne of Zeus the timeless legend waits, "Both agent and patient are one." That is the law. Who can hurl the congenital curse from the house? The race and its ruin are wedded as one.

CI. The oracle about this man has issued now in truth. And I, therefore, am willing enough to make an oath, to the house's ancestral ghost, that I am patient now, although these things were very hard to bear. As for the future, let that very spirit leave this house to grind in death and internecine strife the fortunes of some other race. A meagre part of our possessions will suffice me well, so long as I have swept away the madness from this house that showed

itself in the murder of kin.

1570

1580

Aegisthus

The kindly light of this day's dawn brings justice in its train.

Once more I now can say that the gods above, avengers of men, do gaze with care upon the troubles of this earth, since here I see this man laid low, entangled in the mesh of the Furies' robes, I'm glad to say, in payment for his father's guileful crime.

For when this man's father, Atreus, was ruler of this land, he exiled from the city and from his home his own brother, my father, Thyestes, in fact, to tell the story straight, who had been in former days his rival for the throne.

When, in sadness, Thyestes returned to be a suppliant of the hearth, he gained for himself this much safety at least - he was not killed nor did he stain with his own blood the floor of his father's home. But Atreus, the godless father of this man, he played for my father the role of zealous host, not that of friend, and set aside a day for him, apparently, for feasting and fellowship - and served him a stew of his own children's flesh. Feet, hands and heads, the extremities, in fact, he lopped	1590
them off and ground them down past recognition by the guests. And so my father took the food from him at once, in ignorance, and ate a meal that, as you see, has brought destruction on the race. And when it dawned on him, the sacrilege that had been done, he cried aloud and fell prostrate and vomited the victim flesh, cursed the house of Atreus implacably, and kicked the festive table from him as he cursed, to bring complete destruction on the race of Pleisthenes. So you see, these were the causes of this man's fall; and I it was that justly wove the pattern of this execution. For I, the third son born, was spared, and, a babe in arms	1600
and at the breast, was driven with my father from the land. Yet justice in her turn has brought me up and nurtured me, and so I have, despite that exile, laid my hands upon this man, by setting up this complex plot and subterfuge. A fine thing it would even be for me to die, now I have seen this man enmeshed in the toils of justice's net. Aegisthus, I do not approve of arrogance in guilt. You willingly confess that you have killed this man, and by yourself contrived his piteous death? I say that on	1610
the judgement day your head will know no ease and that the people's curse will rain about your head as stones. And do you, members of the lower deck and shackled to the oar, speak even so, while we are masters at the helm? You soon will know, old man, how harsh a task it is for one of such an advanced age to learn sobriety of speech. There are chains, and one may fast in them, and so old age, through hunger and prison both, and by their prophylactic pain, grows sensible. Foresight surely tells you this is how it is? You must not kick against the pricks in case you are impaled. A woman, then, you laid your homicidal plans against the man who was our general, who but just now has led his army back,	1620
and stayed at home to stain and shame the master's bed. These words will also be the source of bitter tears for you. Your tongue has not the charm of Orpheus by any means. For he did lead all creatures with the rapture of his song, while your childish jabberings annoy. You will be led away yourself. A little force will make you seem more docile.	1630

Ch.

Ae.

Ch.

Ae.

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Ch.	So you will play the part of tyrant over Argos then,	
	although, despite the fact you plotted this man's fate,	
	you did not have the nerve to play the murderer yourself.	
Ae.	The woman's role was clearly in the staging of the deed,	
1101	while I had been a long term suspect and an enemy.	
	I will endeavour with the help of this man's wealth	
	to rule the citizens; I will constrain all opposition	
	with a heavy yoke: no, not for them the bridle and the oats	1640
	a thoroughbred enjoys! The dungeon and its hungry, dark	1040
	unfriendliness will soon conspire to break them in.	
Ch.	But why not kill this gentleman yourself, if your mind	
CII.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	was set on crime? Why did the woman have to kill her man,	
	in partnership with you, to bring pollution on the land	
	and on the gods that dwell in it? And does Orestes live and see	
	somewhere this day's ill light and will he come back home,	
Λ	his fortune fair, to be the dreadful nemesis of this twin scourge?	
Ae.	Since this is the way you speak and behave, be swiftly warned!	1650
Ch	You there, friends and spearmen, here is work to hand for you!	1650
Ch.	You there, let every man be well prepared with sword to hand!	
Ae.	I too have a sword in my hand and am not afraid to die!	
Ch.	Well said - your promise to die! We accept the good omen.	
Cl.	No, no, my dearest of men, this risk of harm is not for us.	
	Already the harvest of grief and suffering is rich indeed;	
	Pain there has been and enough - let us spill no more blood.	
	Go now to your homes, reverend elders of Argos, submitting to fate,	
	before you are killed; we must be content at what we have done,	
	and if an end can be found for these woes, let us happily take it,	4 6 6 0
	who have long been ground down by the weight of god's heel.	1660
_	A mere woman's words, if any man deems them worthy to hear.	
Ae.	But what of their slanderous tongues that blossom in spite,	
	of the words they spew out as they challenge the god,	
_	of their rashness and folly of mind in rejecting our rule?	
Ch.	It never was the Argive way to hold an evil man in high regard.	
Ae.	In the days that are yet to come I will pursue you still.	
Ch.	Not if the god guides Orestes back, restores him to his home.	
Ae.	I know myself that men in exile always feed on empty hopes.	
Ch.	Ah yes, grow fat and defecate on justice while you can!	
Ae.	Know well you shall repay me for this foolishness.	1670
Ch.	Yes, strut and pose beside your hen, you bantam cockerel!	
Cl.	Do not dignify their empty insults with your attention any more.	
	The two of us shall guide the business of this house quite well.	